

Sulkhan-Saba Orbelian University

Master's degree program (regulated)

Name of the program	Law/LAW
language of instruction	Georgian with English components
Academic degree to be awarded	Master of Law/Master of Law
Head of the program	Dimitry Gegenava, Doctor of Law, Professor
Program approval date and protocol number	27.12.2013 No. 12-13
Program update date and protocol number	08.09.2023 No. 04-23
Program volume in credits	The Master's program is built on the basis of the ECTS system, is student-centered, and is based on the student's academic load, which is necessary to achieve the goals of the educational program. The Master of Law educational program includes 120 ECTS credits, 60 credits per year, 30 credits per semester. Accordingly, the standard duration of the master's program is 2 years or 4 semesters. Depending on the student's individual workload, the number of credits per year may be less or more than 60, but not more than 75.

Purpose of the program

The goal of the Law Master's Educational Program is for the student to:

• In terms of systematic and comparative legal argumentation of modern law, to acquire deep and systematic knowledge in the field of private, criminal or public law and develop the ability to apply the acquired knowledge in practice;

• develop the ability to formulate own complex and original legal conclusions in the field of private, criminal or public law;

- develop the ability to share one's legal conclusions and arguments with the academic and professional community;
- develop the ability to independently conduct studies and scientific research in the field of private, criminal or public law;
- to develop a legal-ethical Ability to form values.

learning outcomes

After completing the Master of Law educational program, the student:

(A) based on the knowledge gained in the field of private, criminal or public law, makes a complex assessment of existing legal problems and complex cases, formulates them and develops the best ways to solve them in the context of the argumentation of the modern legal thinking system, using classical and non-standard methods of interpretation;

(B) analyzes the legislative innovations of national, international and other states, modern judicial practice, the problems of comparative law, the systemic influence of European law on Georgian law, as well as scientific innovations and formulates its own complex and original legal conclusions based on the synthesis of theoretical components and practical experience;

(C) Discusses legal conclusions and arguments with the academic and professional community, taking into account the standards of academic honesty, in written and oral form;

(D) Plans the scientific-research process by general analysis and interpretation of primary sources, scientific articles and court decisions, collects primary data using appropriate research methodology, identifies legal research methods necessary for scientific research, develops a scientific-research project;

(E) Analyzes the ethical, moral and moral aspects of legal professions, the ethical results of scientific research and, if necessary, contributes to the formation of new values to ensure a fair balance of the interests of the parties.

Prerequisite for admission to the program

A person with a bachelor of law degree or an equivalent academic degree, who is enrolled based on the results of the common master's exams and intra-university exams, has the right to enroll in the master's educational program of law.

Intra-university exams reveal the general level of knowledge within the chosen specialty and the English language.

Questions/tests of intra-university exams and criteria for evaluating students' knowledge will be posted on the university's website at least one month before the exams. (<u>http://www.sabauni.edu.ge</u>)

It is possible to enroll in the law master's educational program on a mobility basis twice a year, within the time limits established by the legislation of Georgia and in accordance with the established rules.

Master of Law Educational Enrollment in the program, or transfer enrollment from a recognized higher educational institution of a foreign country, is carried out within the time limits and in the manner established by the legislation of Georgia.

Candidates who have a certificate of English language proficiency at B2 level are exempted from English language testing, as well as candidates who have completed a bachelor's or master's educational program in English in full or at least one full semester.

List of releva	List of relevant certificates and points for level B 2					
TOEFL PBT	Amount of points: not less than 513 points					
TOEFL (TOEFL IBT)	Amount of points: not less than 65 points					
British Council and Cambridge University English Language Tests (IELTS)	Amount of points: not less than 5.5 points					
British Council and Cambridge University English language exams	Proficiency level: FCE minimum					
(Cambridge Exam)						

teaching-learning method

⊠ lecture⊠ Working in a working group ⊠practical work ⊠seminar □Teaching with electronic resources

\Box e-learning \boxtimes other

Student knowledge assessment system

Mastering the educational component provided by the master's educational program of law assumes the active participation of students in the teaching process and is based on the principle of continuous evaluation of acquired knowledge.

During the implementation of the master's educational program of law, the level of achievement of the student's learning results is evaluated in accordance with the evaluation system approved by the order N3 of the Minister of Education and Science of Georgia on January 5, 2007, "On the method of calculating credits for higher education programs".

Assessment of the level of achievement of the student's learning outcome in the educational component of the Master of Law educational program includes assessment forms - intermediate (one-time or multiple) and final assessment, the sum of which represents the final assessment (100 points).

Intermediate and final assessment (assessment forms) includes assessment component(s) that determine the method/methods of assessing the student's knowledge and/or skills and/or competencies (oral/written exam, oral/written survey, homework, practical/theoretical work, etc.) .). The assessment component combines uniform assessment methods (test, essay/essay, demonstration, presentation, discussion, performance of practical/theoretical task, work in a working group, participation in discussion, solution of a case study, participation in a simulated process, etc.). The assessment method/methods are measured by the assessment criteria or the measuring unit of the assessment method, thereby determining the level of achievement of the learning outcomes.

Each evaluation form and component has a specific share in the final evaluation from the total evaluation score (100 points), which is reflected in the specific syllabus and is communicated to the student at the beginning of the academic semester.

Credit may not be awarded using only one form of assessment (interim or final assessment). Credit is given to the student only if he receives a positive assessment.

During the implementation of the Master of Law educational program, the specific share of the minimum competence limit of the student's midterm and final assessment is reflected in a specific syllabus and is communicated to the student at the beginning of the study semester. evaluation system lets go:

reflected in a specific synabus	and is communicated to the student at the beginning of the study semester. Cvariation system lets go.
Five types of positive evaluation	on:
(A) Friad	91-100 assessment points;
(B) very good	81-90 points of the maximum assessment;
(C) OK	71-80 points of the maximum assessment;
(D) satisfactory	61-70 points of the maximum assessment;
(E) Sufficient	51-60 points of the maximum assessment.
Two types of negative evaluat	ion:
(FX) failed	41-50 points of the maximum assessment, which means that the student needs more work to pass and is given the right to take the additional exam once with independent work;
(F) intercepted	40 points of the maximum assessment and less, which means that the work done by the student is not enough and he has to study the subject anew.
The scientific-research compo- completes work on it. The scie	on of the educational component, taking into account the evaluation received at the additional exam, the student is assigned an F-0 score. onent (Master's Thesis) of the Law Master's Educational Program must be evaluated in the same or the next semester in which the student entific-research component (master's thesis) of the law master's educational program is evaluated once (with the final evaluation).
Five types of positive evaluation	
(A) Friad	91-100 assessment points;
(B) very good	81-90 points of the maximum assessment;
(C) OK	71-80 points of the maximum assessment;
(D) satisfactory	61-70 points of the maximum assessment;
(E) Sufficient	51-60 points of the maximum assessment.
Two types of negative evaluation:	
(FX) failed	41-50 points of the maximum assessment, which means that the master's student is allowed to submit the revised scientific-research component during the next semester:

component during the next semester;

(F) intercepted	40 points of the maximum assessment and less, which means that the master's student loses the right to submit the same scientific-research
(i) intercepted	component.

field of employment

The Master of Laws is prepared to carry out high-ranking legal practice in the field of law and to continue scientific work. Accordingly, a graduate of the Master of Law educational program is given the opportunity to work in any position where a Master of Law degree is required and it is not necessary to pass the state certification exam and/or additional prerequisites stipulated by the legislation of Georgia.

The possibility of continuing education

Graduates of the master's program have the right to continue their studies in higher educational institutions of Georgia or other countries on a doctoral program in the direction of law, which is focused on training a researcher at the next level.

Human resources necessary for the implementation of the program

The implementation of the master's program in law is provided with appropriate human resources. The educational components provided by the educational program are led by the academic staff of the educational university, as well as invited specialists with appropriate experience and competences.

Material resources necessary for the implementation of the program

In order to achieve the learning outcomes envisaged by the master's program in law, the infrastructure and material-technical resources of the educational university available to students without restrictions are used, namely:

- training auditoriums and conference halls equipped with appropriate equipment;
- mock courtroom;
- Library equipped with computer equipment and information and communication technologies;
- computer classes, computer equipment connected to the Internet and internal network and adequate computer programs for the learning/teaching process;
- Various technical devices, etc.

The educational program is provided with relevant textbooks and methodical literature. The library of the educational university provides the students with the relevant printed and electronic manuals provided by the syllabi of the educational courses, educational-methodical and scientific literature, as well as the database of the library's book fund and the electronic catalog posted on the website of the educational university.

The material resources owned and owned by the educational university ensure the realization of the goals of the Master of Law educational program and the achievement of the planned learning outcomes:

buildings-Master's degree educational program Training is carried out University Owned and owned building-in buildings, where is protected sanitary-Hygienic and security norms (alarms are installed in the buildings, there are fire extinguishers, video surveillance is in progress at the perimeter, order is maintained by the security guard of the educational university).building fully Answers higher educational for institutions established technical requirements, is equipped with appropriate equipment and inventory (projector, chairs, desks, boards, etc.) Lecture and practical for studies intended for Auditoriums.

library-educational The university library maintains a print and electronic fund corresponding to the master's educational program, which is accessible to students, invited and academic staff. The library has a reading hall equipped with appropriate equipment (chairs, tables, computers). There is a photocopier in the library, which students can use with the help of a library employee. In the reading room, students have the opportunity to use the Internet and national and international electronic resources (Legislative Bulletin, EBSCO, HeinOnline). The library of the educational university has an electronic catalog.

Academic staff workspace-A working environment equipped with appropriate inventory and equipment (chairs, tables, cabinets, computer connected to the Internet, multifunction photocopier) has been created for the academic staff.

Information and communication technologies- In order to promote the implementation and administration of the master's education program in law, the educational university uses information and communication technologies. There is software relevant to the Master of Law educational program, the existing computer equipment responds to modern requirements, is connected to the Internet and is accessible to students, academic, visiting and administrative staff. An electronic system for evaluating students' knowledge and organizing teaching is used for the availability of evaluations for students, the administration's control of students' academic performance, and the promotion of the educational programs. Through the website of the educational university, where the catalog of educational programs is posted, related to the implementation of educational programs and conducting the educational process, etc. Information, educational university ensures publicity and availability of information.

Program structure

The components of the Master of Law educational program are the educational component and the scientific-research component.

(A)

Master of Law Educational ProgramLearning componentIt is presented in the form of compulsory training courses (A), optional training courses of the modern public law module (B), optional training courses of the modern private law module (C), optional training courses of the modern criminal law module (D) and a practical component (E).

Master of Law Educational Programscientific-research The component is presented in the form of performance and defense of a master's thesis.

A student enrolled in the law master's educational program by the mobility rule may, instead of elective courses, take other courses taken at another higher educational institution, without respecting the number of credits to be accumulated in each module provided by the program. The mentioned rule also applies to the recognition of credits received within the framework of the international exchange program.

Components of the Law Master's Educational Program (120 ECTS) Educational component of the Law Master's Educational Program (72 ECTS) Compulsory study courses - 30 ECTS

academic writing and research methods, and the preparation of procedural documents for the protection of rights and the teaching of reasoning techniques. These training courses are focused on the development of written and oral legal skills, on the study of techniques for qualifying difficult cases, as well as on the development of the ability
courses are focused on the development of written and oral legal skills, on the study of techniques for qualifying difficult cases, as well as on the development of the ability
to clearly formulate one's own original opinion, its argumentative presentation (written or oral), obtain and analyze information, work on literature, plan writing, and perform
a research paper
(B) Optional training courses of the modern public law module- 42 ECTS
The elective courses of the modern public law module allow the student to concentrate his studies according to his own wishes and interests and acquire deep and systematic
knowledge in the field of public law.
A public law student must earn at least 24 credits from the elective courses of the modern public law module, the remaining 18 credits can be earned by the student at the
expense of the optional courses of the modern private law module and/or the modern criminal law module.
(C) Modern private law module - 42 ECTS
The optional study courses of the modern private law module allow the student to concentrate his studies according to his own wishes and interests and acquire deep and
systematic knowledge in the field of private law.
A private law student must earn at least 24 credits from the elective courses of the modern private law module, and the remaining 18 credits can be earned through the
optional courses of the modern public law module and/or the modern criminal law module.
(D) Modern criminal law module - 42 ECTS
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The elective courses of the modern criminal law module allow the student to concentrate his studies according to his own wishes and interests and acquire deep and systematic knowledge in the field of criminal law. A criminal justice student must earn at least 24 credits from the elective courses of the modern criminal law module, and the remaining 18 credits can be earned through the optional courses of the modern public law module and/or the modern private law module.
The elective courses of the modern criminal law module allow the student to concentrate his studies according to his own wishes and interests and acquire deep and systematic knowledge in the field of criminal law. A criminal justice student must earn at least 24 credits from the elective courses of the modern criminal law module, and the remaining 18 credits can be earned through the optional courses of the modern public law module and/or the modern private law module. (E) Practical component - 18 ECTS
The elective courses of the modern criminal law module allow the student to concentrate his studies according to his own wishes and interests and acquire deep and systematic knowledge in the field of criminal law. A criminal justice student must earn at least 24 credits from the elective courses of the modern criminal law module, and the remaining 18 credits can be earned through the optional courses of the modern public law module and/or the modern private law module. (E) Practical component - 18 ECTS The practical component includes a professional ethics course (6 ECTS) and a legal clinic/enforcement law clinic/human rights law clinic/criminal procedure practical clinic
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The elective courses of the modern criminal law module allow the student to concentrate his studies according to his own wishes and interests and acquire deep and systematic knowledge in the field of criminal law. A criminal justice student must earn at least 24 credits from the elective courses of the modern criminal law module, and the remaining 18 credits can be earned through the optional courses of the modern public law module and/or the modern private law module. (E) Practical component - 18 ECTS The practical component includes a professional ethics course (6 ECTS) and a legal clinic/enforcement law clinic/human rights law clinic/criminal procedure practical clinic (12 ECTS). The legal clinic can be implemented in judicial bodies, legal (advocate) bureaus, public institutions, as well as in non-commercial (non-commercial) organizations of a legal profile and aims to provide students with practice-based legal education.

The results of the independent research conducted by the student are reflected in the master's thesis completed by him. A master's thesis is a completed work that should reflect the student's ability to conduct research or other types of work. In the defense of the presented paper, the student must present the work he has done and his ability to participate in the discussion.

The student must complete his master's thesis in the field of law from which he has accumulated at least 30 credits at the expense of elective courses.

Curriculum of the Law Master's Educational Program (modules, subjects with reference to relevant credits)

				ECTS o		ent study load		
				Iyear		IIyear		independ ent hours
No	Admission	module/subject		seme	ster	-	hours	
	prerequisite		Ι	II	III	IV		
		Learning component						
		Compulsory training courses						
1.	No prerequisite	Qualification of Hard Cases in Case Law	6/150				38	112
2.	No prerequisite	Comparative law	6/150				31	119
3.	No prerequisite	Academic Writing and Research Methods		12/300			54	246
4.	No prerequisite	Procedural mechanisms for protection of human rights		6/150			34	116
		Module – modern private law						
		Elective courses						
1.	No prerequisite	EU competition law (in Georgian/English languages)			6/150		26	105
2.	No prerequisite	Modern Civil Procedural Law and Court Practice analyse	6/150				43	107
3.	No prerequisite	Banking Law: banking Contract Drafting Techniques		6/150			43	107
4.	No prerequisite	Insurance Law: Insurance Contract Drafting Methodology		6/150			43	107
5.	No prerequisite	International intellectual property law	6/150				44	106
6.	No prerequisite	Public and Private Cooperation Law			3/75		24	51
7.	No prerequisite	International trade law			6/150		48	102
8.	No prerequisite	Law of Provisional Measures and Security for Claim			6/150		43	107

9.	No prerequisite	Comparative Arbitration Law and Mediation	6/150			43	107
10.	No prerequisite	Process of Proof in Civil Procedures	6/150			43	107
11.	No prerequisite	EU Private Law		6/150		43	107
12.	No prerequisite	Cryptocurrency and Blockchain Law		1	6/150	30	120
13.	No prerequisite	Consumer law		1	6/150	43	107
14.	No prerequisite	International investment law		1	6/150	43	107
15.	No prerequisite	Protection of personal non-property rights		6/150		39	111
16.	No prerequisite	International Competition Law (in English)			6/150	43	107
17.	No prerequisite	Legal communication (in English)		1	6/150	43	107
18.	No prerequisite	Comparative Corporate Law	6/150			38	112
19.	No prerequisite	Law on Rehabilitation and Collective Satisfaction of Lenders	6/150		6/150	43	107
20.	No prerequisite	Comparative labor law	6/150		6/150	43	107
21.	No prerequisite	Capital societies: production of legal documents and judicial practice		6/150		38	112
		Module – Modern Criminal Law					
	_	Elective courses					
1.	No prerequisite	Doctrine of Crime	6/150			43	107
2.	No prerequisite	Crime and media	6/150			43	107
3.	No prerequisite	Criminal proceedings and analysis of judicial practice			6/150	43	107
4.	No prerequisite	Prosecutorial Discretion, Diversion and Mediation			6/150	43	107
5.	No prerequisite	Modern models of crime prevention	6/150			43	107
6.	No prerequisite	Justification of the use of preventive measure in a criminal case		6/150		44	106
7.	No prerequisite	Comparative Criminal Proceedings		6/150		43	107
8.	No prerequisite	Organized Crime: Problems with Law Enforcement		6/150		43	107
9.	No prerequisite	European criminal law and Europeanization of Georgian criminal law		6/150		48	102
10.	No prerequisite	Art of Defense		6/150		43	107
11.	No prerequisite	Law of Evidence			6/150	43	107
12.	No prerequisite	International Criminal Law: Theory and Practice (in English)			6/150	48	102
13.	No prerequisite	Fundamental Rights in the Criminal Procedure according the Case Law of ECHR and the Constitutional Court of Georgia		6/150		43	107

14.	No prerequisite	Sentencing		6/150		46	104
15.	No prerequisite	Specifics of Qualification and Investigation of Cyber Crimes			6/150	43	107
16.	No prerequisite	Comparative Juvenile Justice		6/150		43	107
17.	No prerequisite	investigative law			6/150	43	107
18.	No prerequisite	Sexual offense		6/150		36	114
19.	No prerequisite	The process of criminalization and restorative justice			6/150	43	107
20.	No prerequisite	Methodology of financial crime investigation			6/150	39	111
		Module – modern public law	24	18	6		
		Elective courses					
1.	No prerequisite	Comparative constitutionalism	6/150			48	102
2.	No prerequisite	Comparative administrative law	6/150			48	102
3.	No prerequisite	Administrative process and analysis of judicial practice	6/150			44	106
4.	No prerequisite	Health Care Law	6/150			43	107
5.	No prerequisite	Tax Law and Judicial Practice Analysis	6/150			48	102
6.	No prerequisite	Personal Data Protection Law		6/150		43	107
7.	No prerequisite	Territorial Arrangement of a State, Territorial Conflicts and Georgia		6/150		43	107
8.	No prerequisite	Public Administration and the Law on Public Servants		6/150		43	107
9.	No prerequisite	Law on Education		6/150		48	102
10.	No prerequisite	Law on Construction			6/150	43	107
11.	No prerequisite	Legal Mechanisms of Protection of Equality			6/150	35	115
12.	No prerequisite	Environment protection law			6/150	43	107
13.	No prerequisite	Law on Energetics			6/150	43	107
14.	No prerequisite	Privatization law			3/75	20	55
15.	No prerequisite	Disability Law		6/150		42	108
16.	No prerequisite	Political Parties Law	6/150			45	105
17.	No prerequisite	Constitutional Reforms and Evolution of the Constitution in Georgia		6/150		43	107
18.	No prerequisite	State procurement law	6/150			43	107
19.	No prerequisite	Police Law		6/150		43	107
20.	No prerequisite	Church and State			6/150	30	120
21.	No prerequisite	Parliamentary law		6/150		43	107

22.	No prerequisite	Basic human rights and freedoms in the European Union	6/150				38	112
		Practical component		6	18			
		Compulsory courses						
1.	No prerequisite	Professional ethics		6/150			40	110
2.	No prerequisite	Legal Clinic/Enforcement Law Clinic/Human Rights Law Clinic/Practical Clinic of Criminal Procedure			12		276/4 6/47/ 39	24/254/25 3/261
		research component				30		
1.	Academic writing and research methods	Master thesis				30/750	16	734
		in the semester	30	30	30	30		
	per year)	6	50]	
		all		12	0]	

program objectives and of learning results Map

Objectives of the educational program	learning outcomes
The goal of the program is to provide the student with deep and systematic knowledge in the field of private, criminal or public law in terms of systematic and comparative legal argumentation of modern law and develop the ability to apply the acquired knowledge in practice.	A. student based on the knowledge gained in the field of private, criminal or public law, makes a complex assessment of existing legal problems and difficult cases, formulates and develops the best ways to solve them in the context of the argumentation of the modern legal thinking system, using classical and non- standard methods of interpretation
The goal of the program is for the student to develop the ability to formulate his own complex and original legal conclusions in the field of private, criminal or public law.	B. student Analyzes national, international and other legislative innovations, modern judicial practice, problems of comparative law, systemic influence of European law on Georgian law, as well as scientific innovations and based on the synthesis of theoretical components and practical experience, formulates his own complex and original legal conclusions.
The goal of the program is to develop the ability of students to share their legal conclusions and arguments with the academic and professional community.	C. student Discusses own legal conclusions and arguments with the academic and professional community, taking into account standards of academic honesty, in written and oral form.
The goal of the program is to develop the student's ability to conduct independent studies and scientific research in the field of private, criminal or public law.	D. student Plans the scientific-research process by general analysis and interpretation of primary sources, scientific articles and court decisions, collects primary data using the appropriate research methodology, identifies the legal research methods necessary for the performance of scientific research, develops a scientific research project.
The goal of the program is to develop legal and ethical skills for students Ability to form values.	E. student Analyzes the ethical, moral and moral aspects of legal professions, the ethical results of scientific research and, if necessary, contributes to the formation of new values by ensuring a fair balance of the interests of the parties.

of the compulsory training courses of the program and program of learning results Map

No	module/subject	Course status	Learning outcomes of the program

				(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
-		-	_					
1.	Qualification of difficult cases in judicial practice	D	Р	D/P	D/P	D/P	D/P	D/P
2.	Comparative law		D	D	D	D		
3.	Academic writing and research methods	D	Р	D/P	D/P	D/P	D/P	D/P
4.	Procedural mechanisms for protection of the right	Р	Μ	P/M		P/M	P/M	P/M
5.	Professional ethics		D			D		D
6.	Legal Clinic/Enforcement Law Clinic/Human Rights Law Clinic/Practical	Р	Μ	P/M	P/M	P/M		P/M
	Clinic of Criminal Procedure							
7.	Master thesis		Μ	М	М	М	М	М

I – introductory courses (Introduction)	D - developing courses (Developing)	P - practical courses (Practical)	M-Master's courses

Program of compulsory and optional training courses of learning results - Map of competencies

Competencies

No	module/subject	Knowled ge and understa nding	ability	values
	Learning component			
	Compulsory training courses			
1.	Qualification of Hard Cases in Case Law	Х	Х	Х
2.	Comparative law	Х	Х	
3.	Academic writing and research methods	Х	Х	Х
4.	Procedural mechanisms for protection of the right	Х	Х	Х
	Module – modern private law			
1.	EU competition law	Х	Х	
2.	Modern Civil Procedural Law and Court Practice analyse	Х	Х	Х
3.	Banking Law: banking Contract Drafting Techniques	Х	Х	
4.	Insurance Law: Insurance Contract Drafting Methodology	Х	Х	
5.	International intellectual property law	Х	Х	
6.	Public and Private Cooperation Law	Х	Х	
7.	International Trade law	Х	Х	
8.	Law of Provisional Measures and Security for Claim	Х	Х	
9.	Comparative Arbitration Law and Mediation	Х	Х	
10.	Process of Proof in Civil Procedures	Х	Х	Х
11.	EU Private Law	Х	Х	
12.	Cryptocurrency and Blockchain Law	Х	Х	
13.	Consumer law	Х	Х	
14.	International investment law	Х	Х	
15.	Protection of personal non-property rights	Х	Х	
16.	International Competition Law (in English)	Х	Х	
17.	Legal communication (in English)	Х	Х	

18.	Comparative corporate law	Х	Х	
19.	Law on Rehabilitation and Collective Satisfaction of Lenders	Х	Х	
20.	Comparative labor law	Х	Х	
	Module – Modern Criminal Law			
1.	Doctrine of Crime	Х	Х	
2.	Crime and Media	Х	Х	
3.	Criminal proceedings and analysis of judicial practice	Х	Х	Х
4.	Prosecution discretion, diversion and mediation	Х	Х	Х
5.	Modern models of crime prevention	Х	Х	
6.	Justification of the use of preventive measure in a criminal case	Х	Х	Х
7.	Comparative Criminal Procedure	Х	Х	
8.	Organized Crime: Problems with Law Enforcement	Х	Х	
9.	European criminal law and Europeanization of Georgian criminal law	Х	Х	
10.	Art of Defense	Х	Х	Х
11.	Law of Evidence	Х	Х	Х
12.	International Criminal Law: Theory and Practice (in English)	Х	Х	
13.	Fundamental Rights in the Criminal Procedure according the Case Law of ECHR and the Constitutional Court of Georgia	Х	Х	
14.	Sentencing	Х	Х	
15.	Specifics of Qualification and Investigation of Cyber Crimes	Х	Х	
16.	Comparative Juvenile Justice	Х	Х	
17.	investigative law	Х	Х	
18.	Sexual offense	Х	Х	Х
19.	The process of criminalization and restorative justic	Х	Х	
	Module – modern public law			
1.	Comparative constitutionalism	Х	Х	
2.	Comparative administrative law	Х	Х	
3.	Administrative process and judicial practice analysis	Х	Х	Х
4.	Health Care Law	Х	Х	
5.	Tax Law and Judicial Practice Analysi	Х	Х	ļ
6.	Personal data protection law	Х	Х	ļ
7.	Territorial arrangement of the state, territorial conflicts and Georgia	Х	Х	
8.	Public Administration and the Law on Public Servants	Х	Х	

9.	Law on Education	Х	Х	
10.	Law on Construction	Х	Х	
11.	Legal Mechanisms of Protection of Equality			
12.	Environment protection law	Х	Х	
13.	Law on Energetics	Х	Х	
14.	Privatization law	Х	Х	Х
15.	Disability Law	Х	Х	
16.	Political Parties Law	Х	Х	
17.	Constitutional Reforms and Evolution of the Constitution in Georgia	Х	Х	
18.	State procurement law	Х	Х	
19.	Police Law	Х	Х	
20.	Church and State	Х	Х	
21.	Parliamentary law	Х	Х	
22.	Basic human rights and freedoms in the European Union	Х	Х	
	Practical component			
	Compulsory courses			
1.	Professional ethics	Х	Х	Х
2.	Legal Clinic/Enforcement Law Clinic/Human Rights Law Clinic/Practical Clinic of Criminal Procedure	Х	Х	Х